THE FLOWERS COLLECTION

The North Carolinian.

VOL. III FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1864. NO. 23

THE

NORTH CAROLINIAN

BY

P. J. SINCLAIR.

THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN is served to subscribers in town at ONE DOLLAR AND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS per week in advance, payable to the Carriers weekly.

Single copies TWENTY FIVE CENTS.

PRICE FOR MAILING.

Single copies 25 cents. Six months TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS. Three months, FIFTEEN DOLLARS.

One month THREE DOLLARS.

The "INTELLIGENCER," a weekly our paper, published at this Office, is mailed to subscribers at FIVE DOLLARS for six months. Three months THREE DOLLARS—Strictly in advance.

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Advertisements for the CAROLINIAN will be charged THREE DOLLARS per square for each and every insertion, eight lines or less constituting a square.

Advertisements for the INTELLIGENCER will be inserted once in Daily, and charged Daily rates for that insertion.

When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement. Marriages, Deaths, Religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid for strictly in advance.

The Value of Money.

Gold Price	Value of Paper	Paper Price	Value of Gold
1 00	66⅔	1 00	1 50
2 00	1 33⅓	2 00	3 00
3 00	2 00	3 00	4 50
4 00	2 66⅔	4 00	6 00
5 00	3 33⅓	5 00	7 50
10 00	6 66⅔	10 00	15 00
14 00	10 00	14 00	22 00
20 00	13 33⅓	20 00	30 00
25 00	16 66⅔	25 00	37 50
30 00	20 00	30 00	45 00
35 00	23 33⅓	35 00	52 50
40 00	26 66⅔	40 00	60 00
45 00	30 00	45 00	67 50
50 00	33 33⅓	50 00	75 00
55 00	36 66⅔	55 00	82 50
60 00	40 00	60 00	90 00
65 00	43 33⅓	65 00	97 50
70 00	46 66⅔	70 00	105 00
75 00	50 00	75 00	112 50
80 00	53 33⅓	80 00	120 00
85 00	56 66⅔	85 00	127 50
90 00	60 00	90 00	135 00
95 00	63 33⅓	95 00	142 50
100 00	66 66⅔	100 00	150 00

SYNOPSIS OF FUNDING SCHEME OF CURRENCY BILL AS TO STATES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI. —*Non-Interest Bearing* $100 *Notes.* Receivable for public dues before April 1st, 1864, at par; from and after April 1st, 1864, not receivable at all, but

FUNDABLE IN FOUR PER CENT. BONDS

Before 1st April, 1864, at par.

From 1st to last day of April, inc., at 66⅔

From 1st to last day of May, inc., at 56⅔

From 1st to last day of June, inc., at 46⅔

From 1st to last day of July, inc., at 36⅔

From 1st to last day of Aug., inc., at 26⅔

From 1st to last day of Sept., inc., at 16⅔

Swept away by mont'ly tax, Oct. inc., at 6⅔

Any non-interest bearing $100 notes held on the first of January, 1865, are taxed 100 per cent., thus destroying every vestige of value.

THE

REPORTER'S DICTIONARY,

BASED ON PHONOGRAPHY.

IN PRESS and shortly to be published, a book with the above title, prepared by the subscriber, who has had nearly 20 years practice in Phonographic writing, having been at one time employed as an official reporter in the United States Senate, and, who has been for the last seventeen months, and is now, reporter of the Atlanta Intelligencer.

The Dictionary will contain indications, by means of a simple nomenclature, for writing with Phonographic letters, about 20,000 words of the English language, of ninety-nine one-hundredths of those in common use—the remaining words being easily written after these are learned.

In the Introduction to the Dictionary, simple instruction will be given for beginners of the study of Phonography, with lithographed illustrations, prepared by one of the best artists in the Confederacy. The object of the publication is to make a STANDARD for Confederate Reporters, and to render it possible for the much coveted and beautiful art of Reporting, to be learned even without the aid of a teacher.

As the work will be expensive, new type having been procured expressly for it, only a small edition will be issued. Those who desire copies are requested to send to the author their orders at once, (to be recorded,) accompanied with the price of the same, which will be five dollars per copy. The book in paper cover, and suitable for use, will be sent to all subscribers, by mail, without additional expense.

A. E. MARSHALL,

dtf Augusta, Ga.

J. G. GODFREY,

WHOLESALE, RETAIL AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Keeps Cotton Yarns For Sale.

Fayetteville, N. C.

199-tf

H. McMILLAN

Auctioneer and

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

June 10-8m*

CLAIMS

of Deceased Officers and Soldiers.

WILSON, N. C., June 20th, 1864.

THE UNDERSIGNED has been appointed a Commissioner to investigate, collect and pay over to the parties entitled thereto, all claims for bount 'arrearages of pay and allowances, due to the representatives of deceased officers and soldiers from this State.

The parties entitled are: first, the widow of the deceased, if any, if there be no widow then, secondly, the child or children if there be such, if there be neither widow or children then, thirdly, the father, if there be neither widow, child, children or father, then, fourthly, the mother of the deceased, and in default of all of these then, fifthly, the executor or administrator of the deceased.

The claimant or claimants must furnish his, her or their affidavit, and that of one disinterested witness as to the relationship, and in all cases, where the claimant is not the widow, the affidavit must negative the existence of a claimant or claimants of a higher order. The Justice of the Peace, before whom the affidavit is subscribed must certify to the credibility of the witness, and Clerk of the County Court must certify, under the seal of the Court, that he is a Justice of the Peace.

If the claimant or claimants be a child or children of the deceased, and he, she or they be minors, the claim must be propounded by his, her or their guardian, and the fact of his being guardian must be certified to, under seal of the County Court Clerk.

When the claim is made by an executor or administrator, the fact of the executorship or administratorship must be certified to, under seal by the County Court Clerk

All of these papers should be sent in duplicate.

Any person directly interested will be furnished, upon application to me, with a proper form of these papers in full; a copy of which, for the greater convenience of parties, will be forwarded as soon as may be practicable to each County Court Clerk.

This commission is intended to facilitate the collection of these claims, and save the claimants all expense.

Parties interested may materially aid me in the investigation of their claims, if at the time of forwarding their paper to me, they will inform me of the date of the death of the deceased, where he died, was killed, whether or not they or any one for them, have received the personal effects which deceased had with him at the time of his death, and whether or not the deceased (if a non-commissioned officer or private,) had ever received the State's bounty.

It is very desirable that all claims should be forwarded at as early a day as may be practicable. In all cases, give the claimants' Post Office and County in full.

JNO. A. STANLY,

Commissioner.

ARRANGEMENT

For the Relief of the SOLDIERS throughout the Confederacy.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL DEPARTMENT, RAILROAD SUREAU, RICHMOND, Feb. 20th, 1864.

THE friends and relatives of soldiers in the army of Northern Virginia are hereby notified that an arrangement has this day been effected with the SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY, to carry all packages of food and wearing apparel to Richmond, Va.

To secure the advantages thus obtained through the express company, the following instructions must be observed:

Packages must not contain more than one hundred pounds; be well secured and plainly marked and sent at the expense of the sender to either of the Soldiers' Relief Associations which are located as follows:

In North Carolina, at Raleigh, in South Carolina, at Columbia; in Georgia, at Augusta; in Alabama, at Montgomery; or at any other point at which one of these Associations have an office.

The Agents of these Associations will there take charge of them, and ship daily, by Southern Express Company, to the proper Agents of the respective States at Richmond, who will see them distributed to the proper individual owners.

To meet the wishes of the soldiers, and to give them a certain and speedy communication with home the Southern Express Company has agreed to give this freight preference over everything else; and in order that no obstacle may occur to the success of so laudable an enterprise, the several Railroad Companies are hereby requested to render the Express Company such facilities as will enable it to make this arrangement a complete success.

As the Southern Express Company assume all responsibility of the transportation of those packages, the Relief Associations are requested to withdraw their Agents who have heretofore acted as traveling messengers. If the Relief Association will establish agencies in the rear of there armies, they may enjoy the same privileges hereby secured to the Army of Northern Virginia.

F. W. SIMS,

Lieut. Col. and Quartermaster.

Approved.

W. R. Lawton, Quartermaster Gen.

OFFICE SOUTHERN EXPRESS CO., AUGUSTA, GA., Feb 20, 1864.

THE SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY hereby notify the friends and relatives of Soldiers in the Army of Northern Va., and elsewhere, that they are prepared to carry out arrangements as announced in the above card and that they will do all in her power to fulfil its requirements.

JAMES SHUTER,

Gen'l Sup't. & Actg. Pres't So. Exp. Co mpny 0-tf.

ISAAC HOLLINGSWORTH,

Grocer and Commission

MERCHANT,

FAYETTEVILLE N. C

196 tf

Brown Windsor Soap,

A LARGE LOT JUST RECEIVED at No. 17, Market Square.

229-1t

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS.

CORRECTED BY J. W. LETT.

Nov. 1 1864.

Bacon	6 50 @ 6 00	₱ lb
Pork	3 00 @ 3 50	₱ lb
Lard	— — @ 5 50	₱ lb
Beef	1 50 @ 2 00	₱ lb
Beeswax	4 25 @ — —	₱ lb
Butter	— — @ 6 50	₱ lb
Cotton	1 75 @ — —	₱ lb
Coffee	15 00	₱ lb
Cotton Yarn	$25 @ 40	₱ bunch
Dried Fruit ... Apples & Peaches	75 $1	₱ lb
Eggs	3 00 @ — —	₱ do @
Extract Logwood	$5 @ $6	₱ lb
Flour	$200 @ 225	₱ barrel
Flaxseed	12 50 @ 13 00	₱ bushel
Fodder	$8 00 @ 10 00	₱ hundred
Hay	6 00	₱ hundred.
Shucks	$3 50	₱ hundred
Grain—Corn	$— 00 @ 20 00	₱ bushel
Wheat	$— 00 @ — —	₱ bushel
Rye	10 00 @ 5 — 00	₱ bushel
Oats	9 00 $10 00	₱ bushel
Peas	17 50 @20 00	₱ bushel
Candles—Green	2 50 @ 3 00	₱ lb
Dry	5 50 @ 6 00	₱ lb
Iron—Swedes	3 50 @ 4 50	₱ lb
Leather—Upper	25 00	₱ lb
Sole	18 00	₱ lb
Liquors—Corn Whiskey	50 00	₱ gallon
Apple and Peach Brandy	50 00@ 60	₱ gallon
Molasses	$15 20 00	₱ gallon
Nails	3 50 @ 4 00	₱ lb
Onions	20 00@ 25 00	₱ bushel
Potatoes—Irish	$— @ 15 00	₱ bushel
Sweet	$— —@10 00	₱ bushel
Rice	65@75	₱ lb
Sugar	10	₱ lb
Soap	Family Bar 2 00	₱ lb
Tallow	5 00	₱ lb
Spirits Turpentine	3 00	₱ gal.
Fayetteville 4-4 Sheetings	2 50 @ 3 25	₱ Yard
Salt	$— 00 @ 40	₱ bushel
Tallow	4 00 @ — 00	₱ lb
Wool	$6 00 @ 8 00	₱ lb

THE

ILLUSTRATED MERCURY!

ILLUSTRATED MERCURY!

THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY

THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY

OF THE SOUTH!

OF THE SOUTH!

A SUPERB FAMILY JOURNAL!

A SUPERB FAMILY JOURNAL!

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,

ELEGANTLY PRINTED

ELEGANTLY PRINTED

EVERY SATURDAY,

EVERY SATURDAY,

HAS A LARGER

HAS A LARGER

AND

MORE TALENTED

MORE TALENTED

CORPS OF CONTRIBUTORS

CORPS OF CONTRIBUTORS

THAN WAS EVER BEFORE ENGAGED

THAN WAS EVER BEFORE ENGAGED

IN ACTUALLY WRITING FOR

IN ACTUALLY WRITING FOR

ANY AMERICAN PAPER!

ANY AMERICAN PAPER!

BRILLIANT CHARMING,

BRILLIANT, CHARMING,

AND THRILLING

AND THRILLING

WITH ROMANCES,

WITH ROMANCES,

SKETCHES,

SKETCHES,

TALES

TALES

OF

REAL

REAL

LIFE,

LIFE.

POETRY,

POETRY,

HISTORY

HISTORY,

BIOGRAPHY,

BIOGRAPHY,

NOVELETTES,

NOVELETTES,

ESSAYS, CRITICISMS,

ESSAYS, CRITICISMS,

WITICISMS MISCELLANY,

WITICISMS, MISCELLANY,

INCIDENTS AND ANECDOTES,

INCIDENTS AND ANECDOTES,

OF THE WAR AND ITS HEROES,

OF THE WAR AND ITS HEROES,

INCLUDING TRANSLATIONS,

INCLUDING TRANSLATIONS,

FROM THE GERMAN, FRENCH,

FROM THE GERMAN, FRENCH,

AND OTHER LANGUAGES,

AND OTHER LANGUAGES,

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THE HOUSEHOLD!

AN ORNAMENT

FOR THE PARLOR.

A SOLDIER'S

PAPER FOR

THE CAMP.

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Address,

WM. B. SMITH,

Proprietor, Raleigh, N. C.

Jun

Wanted.

200,000 FEET OF 1¼ & 1 INCH LUMBER, 12 inch. wide.

Apply CAROLINIAN OFFICE

TELEGRAPHIC

Reported by the Press Association, 1864

Entered according to Act of Congress in the year 1863, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Confederate States, for the Northern District of Georgia.

☞ No telegraphic news received from any quarter last night.

SUMMARY OF MILITARY EVENTS.

On the 24th, Gen. Lomax repulsed two attacks of the enemy in Warren county, first of one brigade with two pieces of artillery, then of two brigades with six pieces. Lomax' loss slight. It was an affair of cavalry.

Mosby, operating in Sheridan's rear, has killed, wounded and captured 300 of the enemy since they commenced moving up the Manassas Gap Railroad. Among his latest captures is the Yankee Brigadier Duffie. These operations have cost this wizard of the saddle four men wounded and one captured.

The late fighting South of Petersburg resulted in the capture of over seven hundred prisoners, while over five hundred were taken on this side of the river. Our acquisition of arms, &c., was ample and valuable. It was a day worthy of a *Te Deum.*

The Yankees claim to have whipped General Price, though their own accounts barely make it appear that any battle has been fought. The old Missourian has a long head, and is much too smart for Yankee dogs who are yelping after him. They have no conception what he is aiming at. When they find out, it will probably be to their sorrow.

Considering that Early was so thoroughly routed and so nearly exterminated the other day, the following from Sheridan's army was hardly to have been expected viz: "The enemy has still a very strong force in the Valley. It is reliably reported to be reorganizing. The enemy has a strong force of cavalry in Luray Valley. Under cover of the present stillness movements are being made by the enemy of an eminently important character."—*Rich. Whig.*

HORRIBLE AFFAIR.—Our community were shocked on last Tuesday morning to learn that the wife of Col. Joseph Y. Bryson, of Henderson county, had been brutally murdered, and his two daughters severely wounded, on Monday night. The circumstances, as we learn them, were substantially as follows: at an early hour on Monday evening, eight men called at Col. Bryson's gate and asked for him. He happened to be asleep, and his wife and daughter, and a negro man, stepped out on the porch, when the men at the gate fired on them, killing Mrs. Bryson instantly, and inflicting painful and dangerous wounds upon the young ladies.

Who the men were, or their motives for such an act, we suppose is not certainly known. But the fact that Col. Bryson is an active Southern man, will, it is presumed, give a key to the motive for this dark and atrocious deed. Mrs. Bryson was a lady highly esteemed by those who knew her, and her sad fate, as well as the suffering conditions of her daughters, will excite the liveliest emotions of sympathy. Swift and terrible vengence will probably overtake the murderers.—*Asheville News.*

NEWBERN.—A friend who has had an opportunity of deriving information from Newbern informs the *Confederate* that the yellow fever has abated since the frosts and cool weather, until the average of deaths from this cause is not more than one or two per day.

While the fever raged as an epidemic, the daily average deaths was fifty-seven. On one day, one hundred and sixty-seven persons died. Eighty soldiers of the 15th Connecticut died in one day, and this whole regiment has been nearly annihilated, (thanks God) The Provost Marshal and ten clerks died; Major Lawson was his name. Captain Stone, of Fort Anderson ditto. In all, over sixteen hundred Yankees have perished, and about one hundred citizens—1760 in all.

Citizens when the lines are required to say they wish Grant to whip Lee, before they are allowed to buy or sell; and then they have to pay for passes, for permits, &c., until hardly their souls are left to them.

THE BATTLE OF THURSDAY LAST.—This battle extended along the whole line, from beyond Petersburg to the Darbytown road. The success was most triumphant. We everywhere, with almost no loss, triumphantly routed the enemy. One of our correspondents estimates their loss at 8 or 10,000 men. We have no doubt it reached a very high figure. We took 1,835 prisoners, who are now in this city and have been counted. If the Yankees had gained such a victory, Lincoln would have ordered a day of Thanksgiving.

Rich. Whig.

OUR PRISONERS.—We learn, says the *Conservative*, that Surgeon General Warren has received a communication from Judge Ould which conveys the agreeable intelligence that "within the past few days an arrangement has been made, by which such of our soldiers as are held as prisoners of war can be supplied with clothing, blankets, bread, meat, sugar, coffee, pickles, vinegar, &c.

We trust that our humane and patriotic fellow citizens will not permit this opportunity to pass without doing something to alleviate the sufferings of their sons and brothers who are now languishing in Northern prisons.

All contributions for this purpose will be promptly forwarded to their proper destination, if left with the Surgeon General at Raleigh, or delivered to any one of his regular agents.

INTERESTING FROM MEXICO.—The Herald of the 28th says:

Confirmation of the report that the Mexican General Cortina had forsaken the republican cause and gone over to the imperialists is furnished by the arrival here, yesterday, of the steamship Havana, from Havana on the 22d instant. That blustering ex-patriot is said to have surrendered himself, his troops and the town of Matamoras to Mejia on the 26th ult., and sworn fealty to Maximilian. General Canales, another of the republican officers, refused to give in his adhesion to the empire, but crossed over from Matamoras to Brownsville, Texas, with about three hundred men and surrendered to Col. Ford, the rebel commander at the latter place.

PLANTATION

With Crop, Stock, Wagons, Mules, &c., thereon, late Major John T. Gilmore's, to be sold at Public Auction.

THE above property will be offered for sale on the premises on Tuesday the 29th of November 1864. The Land is in one body, and contains 485 acres nearly all of which is valuable Swamp Land, there being 80 acres well drained, cleared and under cultivation, yielding the best crops of any land in this section of the State. There is also about 200 acres of Swamp Land equally as good as that under cultivation, to be cleared, which may be easily drained, (some of which is already ditched and partly cleared;) the remainder is used for pastures and wood land. The houses and buildings are at a convenient distance from the farming lands above described, on a healthy, high and dry part of the tract, with good water. The buildings are in good repair, including a comfortable dwelling house, convenient and well arranged negro houses; good fences, stables, barn, cribs, lots, guardens, &c. The plantation is 14 miles from Fayetteville, on the east side of the Cape Fear River, about one and a half miles from the River, and embraces what is known as Alligator Swamp, adjoins Johnson and others, and is not very far from the mouth of Cedar Creek and the residence of Mr. J. C. Blocker.

At the same time and place will be offered for sale, the following personal property:

1500 to 2000 bushels of Corn;

The crop of Fodder, Shucks, Peas, &c;

Stock of Cattle, Hogs, Goats, &c;

4 Valuable Mules;

One Sorrel Mare;

One Jennet;

One 4 Horse Wagon; one Timber Cart; with all the Farming Tools and other articles on the premises.

Terms will be made known before sale.

A. J. BYRNE,
A. McLEAN,
E. F. MOORE, } Ex'rs.

Fayetteville, N. C., 222-ts

The Weekly Intelligencer

IS PUBLISHED AT FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. on TUESDAY of each week. It is made up from the news contained in the DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN, and will always contain the

VERY LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

having the advantage of the news of the PRESS ASSOCIATION, of which the Daily North Carolinian is a member.

THE MARKETS

Will be fully and carefully reported each day and a true statement of their condition honestly given. We have

SECURED CORRESPONDENTS

In the Armies of Gens. LEE and PICKET, and will always give a faithful and full record of their matters.

POST MASTERS and others are requested to act as AGENTS, and each Agent sending six or more subscribers with the money for six months, will receive the Weekly paper six months gratis.

SUBSCRIPTIONS will not be taken for a longer period than six months; and in no case will the paper be sent until the money is received.

☞ ADVERTISEMENTS inserted for $3 per square of 16 lines for the first, and one dollar for each succeeding publication.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER—Three months, $3 00

" " Six months, 5 00

J. J. SINCLAIR,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

WALTER WATSON,

GUN, PISTOL MAKER AND

Machinist.

Guns and Pistols made and Repaired with Dispatch.

MEMBERS of Reserves and Home Guards can have their arms repaired at half price. All kinds of Machine work done.

Hay Mount, Fayetteville, N. C., opposite the residence of E. J. Hale, Esq.

295 1m

THE CAROLINIAN.

P. J. SINCLAIR, EDITOR.

Office, No. 17 Market Square,

☞ All Marriages, Obituary, Funeral and Estate Notices, Company and Military Orders for Meetings, Drills, &c., Lodge and Society Notices and Summonses, Wants, Losses and Findings, Exhibition and Concert Notices, all country, transient and foreign advertising, of whatsoever nature or character, must be paid for when left at or sent to the office for publication. This arrangement will be strictly enforced. Such cash advertisements, as they appear, will always be marked by an asterisk or star thus (*).

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., NOV. 3, 1864.

☞ Our Subscribers in town will confer a special favor, when they fail to get their papers, by informing us immediately of the fact. Of course we cannot know when it occurs unless this be done.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE FOLLOWING.—The publishers of this paper desire that their terms be fully understood. *All* subscriptions must be *paid in advance.* Payment must be made at this office, or, if to a collector, ten per cent. additional will be charged. Our Collector will call weekly on delinquents and make collections, when, in *every instance*, the above rule will be adhered to *Collections made every Monday.*

☞ NOTICE.—C. C. MCCRUMMEN, Esq., is our authorized agent to receive moneys and receipt for us in all business matters connected with this office, which relates to subscription and advertising

Wanted Immediately!

At this Office, one good COMPOSITOR to whom permanent employment and good wages will be given.

In the Valley some days ago a splendid victory for our troops was converted by a panic-stricken division, into a shameful, ignominious rout. The very division which had been foremost in the advance was first to sound the startled cry: "We're flanked! The cavalry!!" and commence the retreat.

The whole glory of the affair has been claimed by a miserable partisan writer in one of the Richmond papers for General Gordon, while the ignominy is visited on the head of poor *old Jube.*

We are content for General Gordon to have all due credit; we know him to be a brave and skilful General, and some pumpkins on a flank attack; and no doubt he had the ability to plan and execute, if he did not do it, the splendid affair which his friends claim for him. But Gen Early is certainly his equal, and we do not think he is the man to rely on the plans of anybody, or to permit others to perform that which is incumbent on him; and we have reason to know him, and have had opportunities to estimate his capacity and test his skill and courage.

We do not purpose, however, to discuss the question as to whom the glory belong; for in this war a conviction of having assisted in the attainment of our country's independence is enough glory for any man.

That which is due these Generals, is that the public should understand that neither of them are responsible for the disaster, and if they can be cleared a charge of culpability they have reason to be satisfied

The fault lies at the door of that press and public opinion which has in an indirect way assailed the effort to discipline our armies and to place them on a firm footing of equality with those of our enemies. The fault lies at the door of those demagogues who, to catch votes and to curry favor with the masses who constitute our armies have favored the idea of giving scope to the genius of our volunteers' and opposed all those restrictions which "cramp their ardor, and convert brave men whose native daring and chivalric spirit scorns the shackles of too firm a discipline, into mere machines."

It was lack of discipline that lost the battle—it was that public contamination which would have been visited on the harsh officer, that prevented the exaction of obedience and consequent control over the men of that army It was the miserable democratic notion that the right of election should be secured to the soldier, as well as to the citizen, that appointed officers who had so little independence of character as to regard the denunciations which are always leveled at the man who performs his duty without favor or fear.

If our people ever expect to attain their freedom, they must insist on the enforcement of discipline in the army—they must commend the officer who exacts subservience to the prescribed law, rather than hold him up to execration, as is now done—they must learn to look with a military eye at military things, then they cannot fail to see that a man is subject to certain rules, and that the officer is as much compelled if he is honest, to exact obedience, as the private is to obey. And they must remember that this lack of discipline has been the cause of every disaster that has befallen our arms Unless the officers who are conscientious in the discharge of their duties are sustained, we can hope for no success.

All this trumpery about the private soldier being but than the officer, is demagogueical nonsense The men who went into the army in the beginning of the war, and possessed any intelligence or fitness for promotion, have very generally received that which they merited, and because they have been rewarded for fidelity and courage does not make others better than them.

The man who does his duty, and his whole duty in this war, no matter in what sphere—either as General or private, or any intermediate grade—deserves equal credit, and none but a demagogue, who knows there are more privates than anything else, will resort to such senseless flattery.

The last reports from Gen. Price's forces place them twenty miles south of Kansas city, fighting; and in the same issue of the St. Louis *Republican*, which gives the information that he is skedaddling from Pleasanton, it is remarked that very little reliance can be had in the statements of Lane and Blunt—the Yankee commanders—proving beyond question that the *Republican* is disposed to discredit the coming Yankee accounts, and looks forward with apprehension to the news from the Kansas boundary.

Of one thing we may feel assured: Gen. Price is the equal in skill and military genius of any man in the Yankee Trans-Mississippi army, and he is daily receiving accessions to his ranks.

If there is a possibility of victory there to be obtained, we need entertain no fears that Gen. Price will allow it to escape his outstretched hand.

Those who are worrying themselves with fears that he will never get away with his army are unnecessarily uneasy.

ARMY OF TENNESSEE.—A Selma paper of the 21st, says, "with the army of Tennessee all is well and growing better daily. The latest reports from the operations of General Hood, so far as made public, are cheering, but developments will be made in a few days, that will thrill the Confederates with joy. Hood is master of the situation, and will soon have his hand upon the shoulder of Sherman.—The capture of Sherman's main force is not an improbable event, though nothing seems more uncertain that the best laid schemes of military commanders."

THE TALLAHASSEE.—The Baltimore *American* of the 27th says.

By an arrival at Halifax, intelligence has been received, via Bermuda, of the escape of the pirate Tallahassee and a sister vessel called the Edith from Wilmington. When this occurred is not stated, but the reports were the air of probability. If true, we shall soon hear of these vessels committing further depredations. The arrival of several blockade runners, laden with cotton, is also reported at Bermuda and Nassau, but no dates are given

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STEAMERS ARRIVED.—The Richmond *Dispatch* states that two vessels lately arrived at a Confederate port; one having, as a portion of its freight, two hundred and fifty thousand pounds of English bacon, and the other two hundred thousand, for the use of the Confederate army.

The Presbyterian Synod of North Carolina held its session at Greensboro' during last week and adjourned on Saturday night. The next meeting of Synod will be at Fayetteville in October, 1865.

DEMORALIZING THE ARMY.—Two females of questionable morality, answering to the names of Mary and Mollie Bell, *alias* Tom Parker and Bob Morgan, arrived in this city on Friday night, by the Central train, in charge of guard. They were dressed in Confederate uniforms, and were sent to this city from Southwestern Virginia, where they have been in service during the past two years, following General Early about in all his Valley campaign. They are charged with aiding in the demoralization of General Early's veterans. They were committed to Castle Thunder.—*Rich. Enquirer.*

FROM THE FRONT.

[From the Petersburg Express, 31st.]

Since the battle of Thursday last and the subsequent retreat of the enemy from the field of conflict to his fortified position, on the Vaughn and Squirrel Level roads, matters have resumed their wonted quiet at the front. Our original lines have been re-established entire, and the enemy defeated and fear-stricken, cowers behind his works.

On the retreat of the enemy from Burgess's Mill, Gen. Hampton, with his formidable body of cavalry, followed and harrassed his rear, killing and wounding a number, and capturing nearly two hundred prisoners. He drove the Yankee rear-guard of cavalry across the Rawanty Creek, inside the infantry lines, pressing them so hard that they burned a number of caissons, ambulances, wagons, etc, to prevent their falling into our hands

Grant was on the battle field, or rather, in the rear, of it, superintending the movements of his army. His headquarters were beneath a huge oak tree, immediately on the Plank road, about one mile beyond Burgess' mill. Meade, Warren and Hancock were also present. After the cessation of hostilities, and when darkness had spread a thick veil upon the earth, these four generals held a council of war and determined to withdraw as hastily as possible. This is given to us upon undoubted authority. The subsequent retreat of the yankee forces, evincing every sign of haste, disorder and demoralization, has already been described.

From parties who saw them, we learn that the yankee army came abundantly supplid with ambulances, and every one of them were useful in conveying the wounded from the field except three or four which were burned in one of Burgess' fields It is estimated that nearly one thousand of their wounded were thus carried off on their retreat. About two hundred, as has already been announced, were left upon the field and fell into our hands.

The enemy's dead, which he left unburied, were found thickly strewn through the woods and fields where the fighting occurred. In a body of woods where Gen. Butler fought them, fifty three bodies were found and buried. In the fields and woods adjoining Burgess' house, in the very yard and beside his fences, they were found by the score.

In this battle, the negroes were pushed forward as usual, but they soon broke and gave place to the whites, consequently the proportion of the latter to the former found upon the field was large.

The loss of the enemy on Thursday, at a low estimate, was two thousand. We buried several hundred of his dead to-day one hundred or more of his wounded and captured nearly seven hundred prisoners. The number of wounded carried off, it is conjectured, was large.

If this movement was intended as an actual advance in the direction of the South Side Railroad, it was a signal failure. That it was not simply a reconnissance, may be judged by the fact that the enemy had six divisions of infantry, besides cavalry, on the field. The choicest troops and the most famous Generals of the army were there. It was nothing more nor less than a grand cast for the Railroad—if not Petersburg itself, and very disastrously to its originators did it terminate. We venture to assert that such was the haste of the retreat, that even Grant himself was demoralized.

On Friday, a portion of Gen. Dearing's command, surprised and captured a picket post of the enemy's on the Vaughan road, taking thirty prisoners. The latter were brought into town yesterday afternoon.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

We understand through a yankee prisoner, who seems to be a truthful man, and who evidently possesses much more intelligence than we have been accustomed to find among these creatures, that the noted Maj Gen. Hancock, commanding a corps in Grant's army, made a very narrow escape from death, during the fight of Thursday last, near Burgess' Mill. A shell from one of our batteries, if the Yankee may be believed, exploded immediately under Hancock's horse, tearing the animal to pieces, and sending the rider to a distance of several feet. Fortunately he alighted in some undergrowth, which broke the force of his fall and probably saved the life of a Yankee General. Hancock is the General who so beautifully illustrated the celerity of human locomotion, in the fight at Reams' Station, on the 25th of August. He is also the same, who so boastfully proclaimed at Spottsylvania Courthouse that he had used up Johnston, and was then about pitching into Early

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Those hardest to please are generally the least accommodating.

Correspondence of the Carolinian.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,
Oct. 29th, 1864.

MR. EDITOR:—That season of the year when the fitful gust of chilly winds is sighing through the leafless trees of the grove, and the shortening days with the long, slanting rays of the sun has arrived It comes with its train of sombre feelings and dejections of the halcyon days of the eventful past, where the eye can see nothing, save the happy scenes of pleasure, where not one wave of trouble roiled across the sea of love It comes richly laden with the fruits and victories of our past efforts encouraging to the despondent and adding renewed vigor and life to the hopeful. It comes with the precious memories of the noble dead, casting over our feelings, the dark, draping mantle of mourning It reminds us that the summer is over and gone, and another year of labor will soon close, and that we are one year nearer the bleak shores of eternity.

This season never comes without casting a gloom over our naturally cheerful spirits, generally, one of despondency; without any cause whatever, save the mental effects which the mighty and incomprehensible works of nature produce on the minds of man. It seems natural for us to entertain feelings of a depressed nature—we cannot avoid it apparently, without we are taught to look on the bright side of everything.

This, in a great measure, accounts for the glorious feelings which take hold of the people with such adhering tenacity at the closing act of each campaign of this unparalleled struggle, in which we are engaged for our lives, liberty and independence. There is no other legitimate cause for it save this, for the final issue is as bright to day for our ultimate success, as at the commencement of the bloody drama.

Then let the despondent arouse from their lethargy and indifference, shake off their gloomy fears and lend a hand to the closing act of this campaign—perhaps the last of this war. Remember it is the feeling of the people, and not the cause that is sinking beneath the surging billows of despair. The bright star of our country's destiny shines on us with undiminished splendor, as a beacon light to guide our bark into the haven of safety.

Sons of Carolina, again the enemy is said to be making ample preparations to invade your soil, destroy the largest and most important city of your State, and to the Government, second to none in the Confederate States, defame your wifes and daughters, and burn and lay waste to your fair country. Now is the time for you to rally around your country's standard with the spirit of 1861 burning in your bosoms, with that same unconquerable determination and patriotic zeal, that you went forth to battle when Mars first stalked across the lands of war. It is our sacred duty when the hour of trial arrives, to buckle on our armor and prepare for action. We yet doubt an attack on the place; they will in all probability attack the works at the mouth of the river, or make a feigned attempt to land on the Sound; yet, this should not cause us to relax any effort to render the place impregnable. Let us follow the glorious example of Carolina's sons in the army of Northern Virginia. Let it not be said of us, while fighting for our homes, in our native State, perhaps under the parental roof, that we came short of our duty.

The present course pursued by our Government, demonstrates in a forcible manner, the vigorous efforts it is making to prosecute this war with greater energy, obstinacy and discipline than heretofore, by filling up the emaciated ranks of the army. If this new move is carried out with impartiality by our authorities, as far as the exigencies of the country will admit, we may expect glorious results.

Let all who are not incapacitated make a resolve to put their shoulders to the wheel and with one mighty pull together, the tug of war will soon be removed from our soil to that of the enemy's, and then, and not till then, will they be willing to accept any terms of peace this side of subjugation, or probable extermination.

The tide of invasion is already rolling back before the veterans of our armies.—Then on to join the gay and victorious band, and in a few days, you will return on the bright shining car of freedom to your homes, to receive the blessing of your wife and children, or the fair elfin nymph of your heart, and when gentle spring takes the place of dreary winter, her fragrant flowers will bloom over the grave of bloody war.

C. C. Mc.

UNTRUE.—The Editor of the Charlottsville 'Chronicle' says he has enquired particularly into the charge of intemperance against Gen. Early, and he is entirely satisfied it is untrue, and he emphatically denies it.

Many of the detailed men recently sent to Camp Lee, under general order 77, were in the fight on the Plank Road, on Thursday, and acquitted themselves like regulars

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DIED,

At Winder Hospital, Richmond, Va., on the 25th Oct, GEORGE C. BEASLEY, eldest son of Rev. J. M. and Maria Beasley.

The funeral will take place at the Baptist Church, on Friday afternoon at three o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FAYETTEVILLE NORTH CAROLINA.

MILITARY ACADEMY.

THE FIRST SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will commence 1st of February, 1865.

Applications for admission must be made prior to the 1st January, 1865 about which time the terms will be made known.

Also, wanted two Teachers of military education, and a Steward in this institution. Address Maj. WM. A. BANKS,
233-tf Superintendant.

Hickory Buggy and Shoes at AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY next will be sold at auction, 1 Hickory Buggy—nearly new;
50 prs strong English Shoes;
1 Horse.

For Sale.

A GOOD comfortable DWELLING HOUSE on Hillsboro' street, containing 8 rooms and Kitchen, Stables, &c., with a good well in the yard, and a large vine arbor. There are also 5 acres of land attached to the premises. For further information apply to
S. BRANDT, Fayetteville.
231-6t

Fayetteville Arsenal and Armory.
Q. M. OFFICE, Oct. 27th, 1864.

ALL PERSONS having claims against the Q. M. Department, at this Post, are requested to notify me of the amount of their claim as soon as possible.
JOHN L. HOLMES.
228 4t Capt & A. A. Q. M.
Observer copy weekly and semi weekly 1t.

Vick Emanual.

THIS celebrated Horse will stand this, the Fall season, at Fayetteville, N. C., commencing the 16th of October and ending the 10th December, and will be let to Mares at the reduced price of $15 in specie or three barrels of corn, or the market price of the corn or specie in Confederate money, when due, by the insurance. Those who wish to turn by the season will be charged two-thirds of the insurance, with $5 to the Groom in every instance, who is a good groom and will take all possible care to prevent accidents, but I will not be liable for any that may occur. The insurance money to be due as soon as the fact is ascertained that the mare is in foal, and that for the season at the end of the season. Change of property forfeits the insurance. Those putting to this horse are requested to send their Mares regularly every tenth day.

He will stand at the subscriber's stables, east of the Market, and for further convenience of patrons, where there can be classes of six Mares made up, will be met at a distance of not more than ten or twelve miles from town.

PEDIGREE.

VICK EMANUAL is a thoroughbred St. Lawrence; was purchased in Canada by Capt. Latham, one of the best judges of stock in the State, at a cost of $3,500 in gold and shipped to Eastern North Carolina in the spring of 1860, at 4 years old. This horse having been purchased by the present owner about ten days ago, his full pedigree is not to hand, but will be given in full as soon as it is forwarded.—He is celebrated for being the finest blooded Horse in the State.

DESCRIPTION.

VICK EMANUAL was eight years old last spring, medium size, fine form and well proportioned, coal black. As to style, fleetness and durability in harness, he has no equal, having been matched by the fastest horses in the State and never beaten. He now challenges the Confederacy for style and fleetness in harness. This is a rare chance, if you wish traveling stock.
REUBEN JONES, Agent.

P. S. Mares sent from a distance will be turned on good grazing lots, and pasturage free of charge.
Oct. 18-219tf

CARD NOTICE.

THERE is now ready to be issued from this Department to the different counties in the State, a lot of **Cotton and Wool Cards.** This lot of Cards will be sent to the Agents, with Backs ready for tacking the Cards on, and be sold at $22.50 per pair to the citizens generally; in no instance is more than one pair to be sold to a family. These Cards are not intended for the families of soldiers. This Department is having a large lot back ready for use, which will be sent out and sold to the families of soldiers as fast as they can be made, at a much less price. Agents are requested to make arrangements and call for them.
H. A. DOWD, A. Q. M.
224-6t

☞ State papers copy: Dailies six times, others four times and forward bill to Major Dowd.

No. 17, Market Square!

RESUMPTION OF BUSINESS.

THE PROPRIETOR of the above establishment having returned *"from the wars,"* peace having been declared in Moore County, respectfully solicits the patronage of his old customers. They will find a choice selection of
Combs, Tooth Brushes, Fancy Soap,
"Old Windsor," do., Needles,
Pins, Spool Cotton, Bl'k
Flax Thread, Black
Silk do., Hooks
and Eyes.

Stationary—consisting of
Note, Letter and Fools' cap Paper, Plain, Fancy and Commercial Envelopes, Pencils,
Pens, Pen Holders, &c., &c.

Also a new and carefully selected stock of the latest Music Pieces published.
Choice Smoking Tobacco for Sale.
Oct5-tf